

# **Products for DNA Research**

# User Guide to Glen Gel-Pak™ Purification



part of Maravai LifeSciences

## Contents

Principles of Glen Gel-Pak™ for DNA/RNA Desalting	•		·	•	•		•	1
Protocol for Glen Gel-Pak $^{\rm M}$ 0.2 Desalting Column $% {\rm Column}$ .								2
Protocol for Glen Gel-Pak $^{\rm M}$ 1.0 Desalting Column $% {\rm Column}$ .								3
Protocol for Glen Gel-Pak™ 2.5 Desalting Column .								4

# Principles of Glen Gel-Pak<sup>™</sup> for DNA/RNA Desalting

The principle of the Glen Research Gel-Pak column is based on size exclusion chromatography that separates molecules based on the hydrodynamic volume of the molecule in aqueous solutions. In gel filtration, the mobile phase is an aqueous solution and the stationary phase is a porous resin. The pores of the resin are sized such that they allow small molecules to enter the pores, yet exclude larger molecules from the pores. The small molecules, such as salts and hydrolyzed protecting groups, diffuse into the pores of the resin and move slower through the column. The larger molecules, such as DNA or proteins, are excluded from the pores and move quickly through the column. The end result is that the larger molecules elute first in the column void volume while the small molecules are still flowing through resin of the column.

The Glen Gel-Pak columns are ideal for desalting and clean up of conjugation reactions. They can be used for removal of the ammonium hydroxide deprotection solution and the hydrolyzed protecting groups after deprotection. The columns can also be used for the clean up of NHS-labeling reactions to separate the labeled oligo and unlabeled oligo from the unreacted NHS ester, hydrolyzed label, and n-hydroxysuccimide thereby greatly simplifying the downstream purification steps.

Glen Gel-Pak columns are easy to use and available in three sizes for different sample volumes.

There are many benefits to the Glen Gel-Pak.

## Versatility:

- Ability to directly desalt oligonucleotides deprotected in either 30% ammonium hydroxide OR 50:50 ammonium hydroxide/40% aqueous methylamine (AMA)
- Easily exchange buffers
- Simple clean-up of labeling reactions
- Mild method for purification from salts and solvents such as DMSO and DMF

### **Capacity:**

- Multiple column sizes (0.2mL, 1.0mL, and 2.5mL) are available to match synthesis scale
- Ability to efficiently desalt short and long at different scales using the same protocol
- Suitable for oligos >10mer in length

# Protocol for Glen Gel-Pak<sup>™</sup> 0.2 Desalting Column

Materials	Amount Used
Glen Gel-Pak Column (61-5002-XX)	1
Aqueous Buffer, Stock Solution <sup>1</sup>	5.5mL

<sup>1</sup>The choice of buffer is determined by the downstream application. (e.g., 10mM TE buffer).

#### Procedure

#### 1. Column Preparation

Remove the cap from the top of the column first and then remove the bottom cap from the column. Allow the solution to drain by gravity into a waste container until the flow stops. (*This step removes the storage buffer*).

#### 2. Column Equilibration

Flush the column with 5mL of buffer. Allow buffer to flow by gravity. *(This step thoroughly rinses the resin).* 

#### 3. Sample Application

Load 200 $\mu$ l of sample solution onto the top frit of the column and allow the sample to flow into the column bed<sup>2</sup>. Add 150 $\mu$ L of buffer and allow the buffer to flow into the bed. (*This step loads the sample onto the column*).

#### 4. Elution

Replace the waste container with a clean sample collection tube. Add  $350\mu$ L of the buffer to the column to elute the sample. (*This step elutes the oligo while the salt is still on the column*).

<sup>2</sup>Different sample and elution volumes can be used. The sample and pre-elution volumes should follow the recommendations in the table below.

Sample Volume	Pre-elution Volume	Elution Volume
150µL	200µL	300µL
200µL	150µL	350μL
250µL	100µL	400µL
300µL³	50µL	450µL

<sup>3</sup>Although satisfactory results can be obtained with this volume, we recommend using a larger column or splitting the sample into two when working with this volume.

# Protocol for Glen Gel-Pak<sup>™</sup> 1.0 Desalting Column

# MaterialsAmount UsedGlen Gel-Pak Column (61-5010-XX)1

Aqueous Buffer, Stock Solution<sup>1</sup> 18mL

<sup>1</sup>The choice of buffer is determined by the downstream application. (e.g., 10mM TE buffer).

#### Procedure

#### 1. Column Preparation

Remove the cap from the top of the column first and then remove the bottom cap from the column. Allow the solution to drain by gravity into a waste container until the flow stops. (*This step removes the storage buffer*).

#### 2. Column Equilibration

Flush the column with 15mL of buffer. Allow buffer to flow by gravity. (*This step thoroughly rinses the resin*).

#### 3. Sample Application

Load 1000µL of sample solution onto the top frit of the column and allow the sample to flow into the column bed<sup>2</sup>. (*This step loads the sample onto the column*).

#### 4. Elution

Replace the waste container with a clean sample collection tube. Add 1500µL of the buffer to the column to elute the sample. (*This step elutes the oligo while the salt is still on the column*).

<sup>2</sup>Smaller sample and elution volumes can be used. The sample and pre-elution volumes should follow the recommendations in the table below.

Sample Volume	Pre-elution Volume	Elution Volume <sup>3</sup>
300µL	1200µL	750µL
400µL	1100µL	750µL
500µL	1000µL	850μL
750µL	750µL	1000µL
1000µL	500µL	1000µL

<sup>3</sup>Users may need to optimize elution volumes for their specific application to improve salt removal or overall yield.

# Protocol for Glen Gel-Pak<sup>™</sup> 2.5 Desalting Column

Materials	Amount Used
Glen-Desalt Column (61-5025-XX)	1
Aqueous Buffer, Stock Solution <sup>1</sup>	29mL

<sup>1</sup>The choice of buffer is determined by the downstream application. (e.g., 10mM TE buffer).

#### Procedure

#### 1. Column Preparation

Remove the cap from the top of the column first and then remove the bottom cap from the column. Allow the solution to drain by gravity into a waste container until the flow stops. (*This step removes the storage buffer*).

#### 2. Column Equilibration

Flush the column with 25mL of buffer. Allow buffer to flow by gravity. (*This step thoroughly rinses the resin*).

#### 3. Sample Application

Load  $2500\mu$ L of sample solution onto the top frit of the column and allow the sample to flow into the column bed<sup>2</sup>. (*This step loads the sample onto the column*).

#### 4. Elution

Replace the waste container with a clean sample collection tube. Add 2750µL of the buffer to the column to elute the sample. (*This step elutes the oligo while the salt is still on the column*).

<sup>2</sup>Smaller sample and elution volumes can be used. The sample and pre-elution volumes should follow the recommendations in the table below.

# Sample Volume Pre-elution Volume Elution Volume³ 1000μL 1500μL 1750μL 1500μL 1000μL 2000μL

2000µL	500µL	2250µL
2500μL	ΟμL	2750µL

<sup>3</sup>Users may need to optimize elution volumes for their specific application to improve salt removal or overall yield.

# **US Headquarters**

Glen Research, LLC 22825 Davis Drive, Suite 100 Sterling, VA 20164 Phone: 703-437-6191 Fax: 703-435-9774

# glenresearch.com

 $\ensuremath{\mathbb{O}}$  2019 Glen Research. All rights reserved. For research use only. Not intended for animal or human therapeutic or diagnostic use.



part of Maravai LifeSciences